

(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi, Affiliated to JNTUH, Hyderabad, T.S) Nagarjuna Sagar Road, Sheriguda (V), Ibrahimpatnam (M), R.R.Dist., Greater Hyderabad-501510. T.S Ph.:+91-8801099936/35, 9393808082,

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Institution integrates Crosscutting issues relevant to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human

Values, Environment and Sustainability in to the Curriculum

S.No	Subject Name	Code of the	Year &	Cross cutting
	included	Subject	Course	category
1	Human Anatomy &	PS101 & PS201	I/I & II/I	Gender Equity
	Physiology – I,II		B.Pharmacy	
2	Communication skills	HS 105	I/I	Professional Ethics
			B.Pharmacy	
3	Biochemistry	BS203	I/II	Human Values &
			B.Pharmacy	Professional Ethics
4	Pathophysiology	BS204	I/II	Human Values &
		EXCE	B.Pharmacy	Professional Ethics
5	Environmental Sciences	MS500	III/I	Environment and
	101	Marina	B.Pharmacy	sustainability
6	Gender Sensitization	MC400	II/II	Gender Equity
	Lab	1.1	B.Pharmacy	
7	Human Anatomy &	P.D.1.1	Pharm.D -I	Gender Equity
	Physiology		Year	1.5
8	Medicinal Biochemistry	P.D.1.3	Pharm.D -I	Human Values &
	22 0/	4	Year	Professional Ethics
9	Pathophysiology	P.D.2.1	Pharm.D -II	Human Values &
		92	Year	Professional Ethics
10	Community Pharmacy	P.D.2.5	Pharm.D -II	Human Values &
	1616		Year	Professional Ethics
11	Pharmacotherapeutics -	P.D.2.6,3.3,4.1	Pharm.D -II	Human Values &
	I,II,II		,III & IV Year	Professional Ethics
12	Pharmaceutical	P.D.3.4 y In a Min	Pharm.D -III	Professional Ethics
	Jurisprudence		Year	
13	Hospital Pharmacy	P.D.4.2	Pharm.D -IV	Professional Ethics
		LOID LO	Year	
14	Clinical Pharmacy	P.D.5.1	Pharm.D -V	Human Values &
			Year	Professional Ethics
15	Pharmacoepidemiology	P.D. 5.2	Pharm.D -V	Human Values &
	& Pharmacoeconomics		Year	Professional Ethics
16	Clinical	P.D. 5.3	Pharm.D -V	Hugan Walnes
	Pharmacokinetics&		Year	ga fessional Etlans
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PS101: HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY- I

B. Pharm. I Year I Sem

LTPC 3103

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms.

The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

Course Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- 1. Explain the gross morphology, structure, and functions of various organs of the human body.
- 2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
- 3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
- 4. Perform the various experiments related to special senses and nervous system.
- 5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system

Unit – I 10 hours

Introduction to human body

Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural organization and body systems,

basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology.

Cellular level of organization

Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signaling pathway activation by extracellular signal molecule, Forms of intracellular signaling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine

Tissue level of organization

Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial, muscular and nervous and connective tissues.

Unit – II 10 hours

Integumentary system Structure and functions of skin

Skeletal system

Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features, and functions of bones of axial and appendicular skeletal system

Organization of skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction, neuromuscular junction **Joints**

Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articulation

Unit – III 10 hours

Nervous system

Organization of nervous system, neuron, neuroglia, classification and properties of nerve fibre, electrophysiology, action potential, nerve impulse, receptors, synapse, neurotransmitters. Central nervous system: Meninges, ventricles of brain and cerebrospinal fluid. Structure and functions

of brain (cerebrum, brain stem, cerebellum), spinal cord (gross structure, functions of afferent and efferent nerve tracts, reflex activity)

Unit - IV 08 hours

Peripheral nervous system:

Classification of peripheral nervous system: Structure and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Origin and functions of spinal and crania terves.



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Special senses

Structure and functions of eye, ear, nose and tongue and their disorders.

Unit – V 07 hours

Endocrine system

Classification of hormones, mechanism of hormone action, structure and functions of pituitary gland,

thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, adrenal gland, pancreas, pineal gland, thymus and their disorders.

PS108: HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY - I Lab

B. Pharm. I Year I Sem

LTPC 0042

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the

verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals, or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.

- 1. Study of compound microscope.
- 2. Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue
- 3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue
- 4. Identification of axial bones
- 5. Identification of appendicular bones
- 6. To study the integumentary and special senses using specimen, models, etc.,
- 7. To study the nervous system using specimen, models, etc.,
- 8. To study the endocrine system using specimen, models, etc
- 9. To demonstrate the general neurological examination
- 10. To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve
- 11. To examine the different types of taste.
- 12. To demonstrate the visual acuity
- 13. To demonstrate the reflex activity
- 14. Recording of body temperature
- 15. To demonstrate positive and negative feedback mechanism.

TEXTBOOKS: (Latest Editions)

- 1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
- 3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, River view, MI USA
- 4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guytonand John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
- 5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A.
- 6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brother's medical partishers. New Delhi.
- 7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.
- 8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Raj Sharma Jaypes brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS: (Latest Editions)

1. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilking Williams & Williams &



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USA

- 2. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
- 3. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata



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HS105: COMMUNICATION SKILLS

B. Pharm. I Year I Sem

LTPC 2002

Scope: This course will prepare the young pharmacy student to interact effectively with doctors, nurses, dentists, physiotherapists and other health workers. At the end of this course the student will get the soft skills set to work cohesively with the team as a team player and will add value to the pharmaceutical business.

Course Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- 1. Understand the behavioral needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation
- 2. Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal)
- 3. Effectively manage the team as a team player
- 4. Develop interview skills
- 5. Develop Leadership qualities and essentials

UNIT - I 07 Hours

Communication Skills: Introduction, Definition, The Importance of Communication, The Communication Process – Source, Message, Encoding, Channel, Decoding, Receiver, Feedback, Context

Barriers to communication: Physiological Barriers, Physical Barriers, Cultural Barriers, Language Barriers, Gender Barriers, Interpersonal Barriers, Psychological Barriers, Emotional barriers **Perspectives in Communication:** Introduction, Visual Perception, Language, Other factors affecting

our perspective - Past Experiences, Prejudices, Feelings, Environment

UNIT - II 07 Hours

Elements of Communication: Introduction, Face to Face Communication - Tone of Voice, Body Language (Non-verbal communication), Verbal Communication, Physical Communication Communication Styles: Introduction, The Communication Styles Matrix with example for each - Direct Communication Style, Spirited Communication Style, Systematic Communication Style, Considerate Communication Style

UNIT – III 07 Hours

Basic Listening Skills: Introduction, Self-Awareness, Active Listening, Becoming an Active Listener,

Listening in Difficult Situations

Effective Written Communication: Introduction, When and When Not to Use Written Communication - Complexity of the Topic, Amount of Discussion' Required, Shades of Meaning, Formal Communication

Writing Effectively: Subject Lines, Put the Main Point First, Know Your Audience, Organization of

the Message

UNIT - IV 05 Hours

Interview Skills: Purpose of an interview, Do's and Dont's of an interview

Giving Presentations: Dealing with Fears, Planning your Presentation, Structure Presentation, Delivering Your Presentation, Techniques of Delivery

resentation, Derivering Tour Tresentation, Teeninques of Der

UNIT - V 04 Hours

Group Discussion: Introduction, Communication skills in group discuss group

discussion

Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)

1. Basic communication skills for Technology, Andreja. J. Ruther Ford, 2nd Sponsored by: Vyjayanthi Educational Society



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Education, 2011

- 2. Communication skills, Sanjay Kumar, Pushpalata, 1st Edition, Oxford Press, 2011
- 3. Organizational Behaviour, Stephen .P. Robbins, 1st Edition, Pearson, 2013
- 4. Brilliant- Communication skills, Gill Hasson, 1st Edition, Pearson Life, 2011
- 5. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for success, Gopala Swamy Ramesh, 5th Edition, Pearson, 2013
- 6. Developing your influencing skills, Deborah Dalley, Lois Burton, Margaret, Green hall, 1st Edition Universe of Learning LTD, 2010
- 7. Communication skills for professionals, Konarnira, 2nd Edition, New arrivals PHI, 2011
- 8. Personality development and soft skills, Barun K Mitra, 1st Edition, Oxford Press, 2011
- 9. Soft skill for everyone, Butter Field, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India pvt. ltd, 2011
- 10. Soft skills and professional communication, Francis Peters SJ, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2011
- 11. Effective communication, John Adair, 4th Edition, Pan Mac Millan, 2009
- 12. Bringing out the best in people, Aubrey Daniels, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 1999

HS112: COMMUNICATION SKILLS - LAB

B. Pharm. I Year I Sem

LTPC 0021

The following learning modules are to be conducted using wordsworth® English language lab software

Basic communication covering the following topics

Meeting People

Asking Questions

Making Friends

What did you do?

Do's and Dont's

Pronunciations covering the following topics

Pronunciation (Consonant Sounds)

Pronunciation and Nouns

Pronunciation (Vowel Sounds)

Advanced Learning

Listening Comprehension / Direct and Indirect Speech

Figures of Speech

Effective Communication

Writing Skills

Effective Writing

Interview Handling Skills

E-Mail etiquette

Presentation Skills





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BS203: BIOCHEMISTRY B. Pharm. I Year II Sem

LTPC 3103

Scope: Biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular levels of the chemical process associated with living cells. The scope of the subject is providing biochemical facts and the principles to understand metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions. It is also emphasizing on genetic organization of mammalian genome and hetero & autocatalytic functions of DNA.

Course Objectives: Upon completion of course student shell able to

- 1. Understand the catalytic role of enzymes, importance of enzyme inhibitors in design of new drugs, therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes.
- 2. Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions.
- 3. Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.

UNIT - I 10 Hours

Carbohydrate metabolism

Glycolysis – Pathway, energetics and significance Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics and significance

HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency Glycogen metabolism Pathways and glycogen storage diseases (GSD) Gluconeogenesis- Pathway and its significance

Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diabetes mellitus

Biological oxidation

Electron transport chain (ETC) and its mechanism. Oxidative phosphorylation & its mechanism and substrate level phosphorylation, Inhibitors ETC and oxidative phosphorylation/Uncouplers

UNIT - II 10 Hours

Lipid metabolism

â-Oxidation of saturated fatty acid (Palmitic acid)

Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketoacidosis De novo synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid)

Biological significance of cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into bile acids, steroid hormone and vitamin D

Disorders of lipid metabolism: Hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver and obesity.

Amino acid metabolism

General reactions of amino acid metabolism: Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation, urea cycle and its disorders

Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders (Phenyketonuria, Albinism, alkeptonuria, tyrosinemia)

Synthesis and significance of biological substances; 5-HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline

Catabolism of heme; hyperbilirubinemia and jaundice

UNIT – III 10 Hours

Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer Biosynthesis purine and pyrim dine nucleotides

Catabolism of purine nucleotides and Hyperuricemia and Gout disease Committee of manufacture of manufacture and genome

Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions DNA replication (semi convervative model) Transcription or RNA synthesis

EAMCET CODE: SDIP



SREE DATTHA INSTITUTE OF PHARMACY

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Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors

UNIT - IV 08 Hours

Biomolecules

Introduction, classification, chemical nature and biological role of carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids.

amino acids and proteins.

Bioenergetics

Concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reaction, Relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy; Redox potential.

Energy rich compounds; classification; biological significances of ATP and cyclic AMP

UNIT - V 07 Hours

Enzymes

Introduction, properties, nomenclature, and IUB classification of enzymes Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis

plot, Line Weaver Burke plot)

Enzyme inhibitors with examples

Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzymes regulation
Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes Coenzymes –Structure and biochemical functions

TEXTBOOKS: (Latest Editions)

- 1. Principles of Biochemistry by Lehninger.
- 2. Harper's Biochemistry by Robert K. Murry, Daryl K. Granner and Victor W. Rodwell.
- 3. Biochemistry by Stryer.
- 4. Biochemistry by D. Satyanarayan and U.Chakrapani
- 5. Textbook of Biochemistry by Rama Rao.
- 6. Textbook of Biochemistry by Deb.
- 7. Outlines of Biochemistry by Conn and Stumpf
- 8. Practical Biochemistry by R.C. Gupta and S. Bhargavan.
- 9. Introduction of Practical Biochemistry by David T. Plummer. (3rd Edition)
- 10. Practical Biochemistry for Medical students by Rajagopal and Ramakrishna.
- 11. Practical Biochemistry by Harold Varley.

BS208: BIOCHEMISTRY LAB

B. Pharm. I Year II Sem

LTPC 0042

- 1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose, Sucrose and starch)
- 2. Identification tests for Proteins (albumin and Casein)
- 3. Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method) and Proteins (Biuret method)
- 4. Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents
- 5. Determination of blood creatinine
- 6. Determination of blood sugar
- 7. Determination of serum total cholesterol
- 8. Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH
- 9. Study of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch
- 10. Determination of Salivary amylase activity
- 11. Study the effect of Temperature on Salivary amylase activity.

12. Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary am

ry amylase activity.



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BS204: PATHOPHYSIOLOGY B. Pharm. I Year II Sem

LTPC 3103

Scope: Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes. This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding

of basic pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology,

but also to get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively.

Course Objectives: Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to-

- 1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;
- 2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and
- 3. Mention the complications of the diseases.

Unit – I 10 Hours

Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation:

Introduction, definitions, Homeostasis, Components and Types of Feedback systems, Causes of cellular injury, Pathogenesis (Cell membrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage), Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes (Atrophy, Hypertrophy, hyperplasia,

Metaplasia, Dysplasia), Cell swelling, Intra cellular accumulation, Calcification, Enzyme leakage and

Cell Death Acidosis & Alkalosis, Electrolyte imbalance

Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair:

Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation, Mechanism of Inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's, Mediators of inflammation, Basic principles of wound healing in the skin, Pathophysiology of

Atherosclerosis

Unit – II 10 Hours

Cardiovascular System:

Hypertension, congestive heart failure, ischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis, and arteriosclerosis)

Respiratory system: Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways diseases.

Renal system: Acute and chronic renal failure

Unit - III 10 Hours

Haematological Diseases:

Iron deficiency, megaloblastic anemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalasemia, hereditary acquired anemia, hemophilia

Endocrine system: Diabetes, thyroid diseases, disorders of sex hormones

Nervous system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, psychiatric disorders

schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease. **Gastrointestinal system:** Peptic Ulcer

Unit - IV 8 Hours

Inflammatory bowel diseases, jaundice, hepatitis (A, B, C, D, E, F) alcohol

Disease of bones and joints: Rheumatoid arthritis, osteoporosis, and god

Principles of cancer: classification, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer

Diseases of bones and joints: Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoporosis, Gout



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Principles of Cancer: Classification, etiology and pathogenesis of Cancer

Unit – V 7 Hours

Infectious diseases: Meningitis, Typhoid, Leprosy, Tuberculosis Urinary tract infections

Sexually transmitted diseases: AIDS, Syphilis, Gonorrhea

TEXTBOOKS: (Latest Editions)

- 1. Vinay Kumar, Abul K. Abas, Jon C. Aster; Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease; South Asia edition; India; Elsevier; 2014.
- 2. Harsh Mohan; Text book of Pathology; 6th edition; India; Jaypee Publications; 2010.
- 3. Laurence B, Bruce C, Bjorn K.; Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics; 12th edition; New York; McGraw-Hill; 2011.
- 4. Best, Charles Herbert 1899-1978; Taylor, Norman Burke 1885-1972; West, John B (John Burnard); Best and Taylor's Physiological basis of medical practice; 12th ed; united states;
- 5. William and Wilkins, Baltimore; 1991 [1990 printing].
- 6. Nicki R. Colledge, Brian R. Walker, Stuart H. Ralston; Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine; 21st edition; London; ELBS/Churchill Livingstone; 2010.
- 7. Guyton A, John .E Hall; Textbook of Medical Physiology; 12th edition; WB Saunders Company; 2010.
- 8. Joseph Di Piro, Robert L. Talbert, Gary Yee, Barbara Wells, L. Michael Posey; Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Approach; 9th edition; London; McGraw-Hill Medical; 2014.
- 9. V. Kumar, R. S. Cotran and S. L. Robbins; Basic Pathology; 6th edition; Philadelphia; WB Saunders Company; 1997.
- 10. Roger Walker, Clive Edwards; Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; 3rd edition; London; Churchill Livingstone publication; 2003.

RECOMMENDED JOURNALS:

- 1. The Journal of Pathology. ISSN: 1096-9896 (Online)
- 2. The American Journal of Pathology. ISSN: 0002-9440
- 3. Pathology. 1465-3931 (Online)
- 4. International Journal of Physiology, Pathophysiology and Pharmacology. ISSN: 1944-8171 (Online)
- 5.Indian Journal of Pathology and Microbiology. ISSN-0377-4929.

Applying Minds

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MC400: GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB

B. Pharm. II Year II Sem

LTPC 1000

Course Objectives:

- 1. To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary
- 2. India.
- 3. To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women.
- 4. To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders.
- 5. To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work.
- 6. To help students reflect critically on gender violence.
- 7. To expose students to more egalitarian interactions between men and women.

Course Outcomes:

- 1. Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- 2. Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender. This will be achieved through discussion of materials derived from research, facts, everyday life, literature and film.
- 3. Students will attain a finer grasp of how gender discrimination works in our society and how to counter it.
- 4. Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labour and its relation to politics and economics.
- 5. Men and women students and professionals will be better equipped to work and live together as equals.
- 6. Students will develop a sense of appreciation of women in all walks of life.
- 7. Through providing accounts of studies and movements as well as the new laws that provide protection and relief to women, the textbook will empower students to
- 8. understand and respond to gender violence. **UNIT-I**

UNDERSTANDING GENDER

Gender: Why Should We Study It? (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -1)

Socialization: Making Women, Making Men (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -2)

Introduction. Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste. Different Masculinities.

UNIT-II

GENDER AND BIOLOGY

Missing Women: Sex Selection and Its Consequences (Towards a World of Equals: Unit -4)

Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences.

Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -10)

Two or Many? Struggles with Discrimination.

31

UNIT-III

GENDER AND LABOUR

Housework: the Invisible Labour (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -3) "My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."

Women's Work: Its Politics and Economics (*Towards a World of Equal* Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work. Additional Read Conditions of Work.

UNIT-IV

ISSUES OF VIOLENCE



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Sexual Harassment: Say No! (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -6)

Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: "Chupulu".

Domestic Violence: Speaking Out (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -8)

Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Additional Reading: New Forums for Justice.

Thinking about Sexual Violence (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -11)

Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life...." - Additional Reading: The Caste Face of Violence.

UNIT-V

GENDER: CO - EXISTENCE

Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals (*Towards a World of Equals*: Unit -12) Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Additional Reading: Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

TEXTBOOK

All the five Units in the Textbook, "*Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender*" written by A. Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu and published by **Telugu Akademi**, **Hyderabad**, Telangana State in the year **2015**.

Note: Since it is an Interdisciplinary Course, Resource Persons can be drawn from the fields of English Literature or Sociology or Political Science or any other qualified faculty who has expertise in this field from engineering/pharmacy departments.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Menon, Nivedita. Seeing like a Feminist. New Delhi: Zubaan-Penguin Books, 2012
- 2. Abdulali Sohaila. "I Fought For My Life ... and Won." Available online at: http://www.thealternative.in/lifestyle/i-fought-for-my-lifeand-won-sohaila-abdulal/

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*MC500: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES B.Pharm. III Year I Sem.

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Course Objectives: Environmental Sciences is the scientific study of the environmental system and the status of its inherent or induced changes on organisms. It includes not only the study of physical and biological characters of the environment but also the social and cultural factors and the impact of

man on environment.

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- 1. Create the awareness about environmental problems among learners.
- 2. Impart basic knowledge about the environment and its allied problems.
- 3. Develop an attitude of concern for the environment.
- 4. Motivate learner to participate in environment protection and environment improvement.
- 5. Acquire skills to help the concerned individuals in identifying and solving environmental problems.
- 6. Strive to attain harmony with Nature.

UNIT-I

The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Natural Resources

Renewable and non-renewable resources:

Natural resources and associated problems

a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Food resources; e) Energy resources; f) Land resources: Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.

UNIT - II

Ecosystems

Concept of an ecosystem.

Structure and function of an ecosystem.

Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the ecosystems: Forest ecosystem;

Grassland ecosystem; Desert ecosystem; Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

UNIT - III

Biodiversity and Biotic Resources: Introduction, Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity.

Value of biodiversity; consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and optional values

India as a mega diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity. Field visit. Threats to biodiversity: habitat

loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts; conservation of biodiversity: In-Situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity act.

Unit – IV

Environmental Pollution: Air pollution; Water pollution; Soil pollution, Noise

UNIT -- V

Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA: Environmental Protection act, 1981.

Water Act, Forest Act, Wild life Act.

Towards Sustainable Future: Concept of Sustainable Development, Population and its explosion Crazy Consumerism, Environmental Education, Urban Sprawl, Human health, Environmental Ethics,



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Concept of Green Building, Ecological Foot Print, Life Cycle assessment (LCA), Low carbon life style.

Recommended Books (Latest edition):

- 1. Y.K. Sing, Environmental Science, New Age International Pvt, Publishers, Bangalore
- 2. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
- 3. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Publishing Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad 380 013, India,
- 4. Text book of environmental science and technology, Dr. M. Anji Reddy.
- 5. Brunner R.C., 1989, Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 480p
- 6. Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford
- 7. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T. H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T. 2001, Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai, 1196p
- 8. De A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 9. Down of Earth, Centre for Science and Environment



ESTD 2005



APPENDIX-A

(See regulation 8) PHARM.D. SYLLABUS

First Year

1.1 HUMAN ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

1. Scope and Objectives: This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostasis mechanisms and homeostatic imbalances of various body systems. Since a medicament, which is produced by pharmacist, is used to correct the deviations in human body, it enhances the understanding of how the drugs act on the various body systems in correcting the disease state of the organs.

2. Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:

- a. describe the structure (gross and histology) and functions of various organs of the human body;
- b. describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances of various systems;
- c. identify the various tissues and organs of the different systems of the human body;
- d. perform the hematological tests and also record blood pressure, heart rate, pulse and Respiratory volumes;
- e. appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system; and
- f. appreciate the interlinked mechanisms in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of human body

3. Course materials:

Text books

- a. Tortora Gerard J. and Nicholas, P. Principles of anatomy and physiology Publisher Harpercollins college New York.
- b. Wilson, K.J.W. Ross and Wilson's foundations of anatomy and physiology. Publisher: Churchill Livingstone, Edinburg.

Reference books

- a. Guyton arthur, C. *Physiology of human body*. Publisher: Holtsaunders.
- b. Chatterjee, C.C. *Human physiology*. Volume 1&11. Publisher: medical allied agency, Calcutta.
- c. Peter L. Williams, Roger Warwick, Mary Dyson and Lawrence, H.
- d. *Gray's anatomy*. Publisher: Churchill Livingstone, London.



4. Lecture wise program:

Topics

- 1 Scope of anatomy and physiology, basic terminologies used in this subject (Description of the body as such planes and terminologies)
- 2 Structure of cell its components and their functions.
- 3 Elementary tissues of the human body: epithelial, connective, Muscular and nervous tissues-their sub-types and characteristics
- 4 a) Osseous system structure, composition and functions of the Skeleton. (done in practical classes 6hrs)
 - b) Classification of joints, Types of movements of joints and disorders of joints (Definitions only)

5 Haemopoetic System

- a) Composition and functions of blood
- b) Haemopoesis and disorders of blood components (definition of disorder)
- c) Blood groups
- d) Clotting factors and mechanism
- e) Platelets and disorders of coagulation

6 Lymph

- a) Lymph and lymphatic system, composition, formation and circulation.
- b) Spleen: structure and functions, Disorders
- c) Disorders of lymphatic system (definition only)

7 Cardiovascular system

- a) Anatomy and functions of heart
- b) Blood vessels and circulation (Pulmonary, coronary and systemic circulation)
- c) Electrocardio gram (ECG)
- d) Cardiac cycle and heart sounds
- e) Blood pressure its maintenance and regulation
- f) Definition of the following disorders
 Hypertension, Hypotension, Arteriosclerosis, Atherosclerosis, Angina,
 Myocardial infarction, Congestive heart failure, Cardiac arrhythmias

8 Respiratory system

- a) Anatomy of respiratory organs and functions
- b) Mechanism / physiology of respiration and regulation of respiration
- c) Transport of respiratory gases
- d) Respiratory volumes and capacities, and Definition of: Hypoxia, Asphyxia, Dybarism, Oxygen therapy and resuscitation.

9 Digestive system

- a) Anatomy and physiology of GIT
- b) Anatomy and functions of accessory glands of GIT
- c) Digestion and absorption
- d) Disorders of GIT (definitions only)



10 Nervous system

- a) Definition and classification of nervous system
- b) Anatomy, physiology and functional areas of cerebrum
- c) Anatomy and physiology of cerebellum
- d) Anatomy and physiology of mid brain
- e) Thalamus, hypothalamus and Basal Ganglia
- f) Spinal card: Structure & reflexes mono-poly-planter
- g) Cranial nerves names and functions
- h) ANS-A natomy & functions of sympathetic & parasympathetic N.S.

11 Urinary system

- a) Anatomy and physiology of urinary system
- b) Formation of urine
- c) Renin Angiotensin system Juxtaglomerular apparatus acid base Balance
- d) Clearance tests and micturition

12 Endocrine system

- a) Pituitary gland
- b) Adrenal gland
- c) Thyroid and Parathyroid glands
- d) Pancreas and gonads

13 Reproductive system

- a) Male and female reproductive system
- b) Their hormones Physiology of menstruation
- c) Spermatogenesis & Oogenesis
- d) Sex determination (genetic basis)
- e) Pregnancy and maintenance and parturition
- f) Contraceptive devices

14 Sense organs

- a) Eye
- b) Ear
- c) Skin
- d) Tongue & Nose

15 Skeletal muscles

- a) Histology
- b) Physiology of Muscle contraction
- c) Physiological properties of skeletal muscle and their disorders (definitions)

16 Sports physiology

- a) Muscles in exercise, Effect of athletic training on muscles and muscle performance,
- b) Respiration in exercise, CVS in exercise, Body heat in exerc and salts in exercise,
- c) Drugs and athletics

1.1 HUMAN ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY (PRACTICAL)

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

General Requirements: Dissection box, Laboratory Napkin, muslin cloth, record, Observation book(100pages), Stationary items, Blood lancet.

Course materials:

Text books

Goyal, R. K, Natvar M.P, and Shah S.A, Practical anatomy, physiology and biochemistry, latest edition, Publisher: B.S Shah Prakashan, Ahmedabad.

Reference books

Ranade VG, Text book of practical physiology, Latest edition, Publisher: PVG, Pune Anderson Experimental Physiology, Latest edition, Publisher: NA

List of Experiments:

- 1. Study of tissues of human body
 - (a) Epithelial tissue.
 - (b) Muscular tissue.
- 2. Study of tissues of human body
 - (a) Connective tissue.
 - (b) Nervous tissue.
- 3. Study of appliances used in hematological experiments.
- 4. Determination of W.B.C. count of blood.
- 5. Determination of R.B.C. count of blood.
- 6. Determination of differential count of blood.
- 7. Determination of
 - (a) Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate.
 - (b) Hemoglobin content of Blood.
 - (c) Bleeding time & Clotting time.
- 8. Determination of
 - (a) Blood Pressure.
 - (b) Blood group.
- 9. Study of various systems with the help of charts, models & specimens
 - (a) Skeleton system part I-axial skeleton.
 - (b) Skeleton system part II- appendicular skeleton.
 - (c) Cardiovascular system.
 - (d) Respiratory system.



- (e) Digestive system.
- (f) Urinary system.
- (g) Nervous system.
- (h) Special senses.
- (i) Reproductive system.
- 10. Study of different family planning appliances.
- 11. To perform pregnancy diagnosis test.
- 12. Study of appliances used in experimental physiology.
- 13. To record simple muscle curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 14. To record simple summation curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 15. To record simple effect of temperature using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 16. To record simple effect of load & after load using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.
- 17. To record simple fatigue curve using gastroenemius sciatic nerve preparation.

Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Identification	04	10
Synopsis	04	10
Major Experiment	07	20
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
Max Marks	20	70
Duration	03hrs	04hrs

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



1.3 MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

1. Scope of the Subject: Applied biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular level of the chemical process associated with living cells. Clinical chemistry deals with the study of chemical aspects of human life in health and illness and the application of chemical laboratory methods to diagnosis, control of treatment, and prevention of diseases.

2. Objectives of the Subject (Know, do, appreciate):

The objective of the present course is providing biochemical facts and the principles to the students of pharmacy. Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to –

- a. understand the catalytic activity of enzymes and importance of isoenzymes in diagnosis of diseases;
- b. know the metabolic process of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders);
- c. understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome; protein synthesis; replication; mutation and repair mechanism;
- d. know the biochemical principles of organ function tests of kidney, liver and endocrine gland; and
- e. do the qualitative analysis and determination of biomolecules in the body fluids.

Text books (Theory)

- a. Harpers review of biochemistry Martin
- b. Text book of biochemistry D.Satyanarayana
- c. Text book of clinical chemistry- Alex kaplan &Laverve L.Szabo

Reference books (Theory)

- a. Principles of biochemistry -- Lehninger
- b. Text book of biochemistry -- Ramarao
- c. Practical Biochemistry-David T.Plummer.
- d. Practical Biochemistry-Pattabhiraman.

3. Lecture wise programme:

Topics

- 1 **Introduction to biochemistry:** Cell and its biochemical organization, transport process across the cell membranes. Energy rich compounds; ATP, Cyclic AMP and their biological significance.
- 2 **Enzymes**: Definition; Nomenclature; IUB classification; Factor affecting enzyme activity; Enzyme action; enzyme inhibition. Isoenzymes and their therapeutic and diagnostic applications; Coenzymes and their biochemical role and deficiency diseases.
- 3 Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle (TCA eyele), HMP shunt, Glycogenolysis, gluconeogenesis, glycogenesis. Metabolism carbohydrate metabolism (diabetes mellitus and glycogen storage diseases), Glucose, Galactose tolerance test and their significance; hor result regulation of carbohydrate metabolism.

- 4 **Lipid metabolism:** Oxidation of saturated (β-oxidation); Ketogenesis and ketolysis; biosynthesis of fatty acids, lipids; metabolism of cholesterol; Hormonal regulation of lipid metabolism. Defective metabolism of lipids (Atheroslerosis, fatty liver, hypercholesterolmiea).
- 5 **Biological oxidation:** Coenzyme system involved in Biological oxidation. Electron transport chain (its mechanism in energy capture; regulation and inhibition); Uncouplers of ETC; Oxidative phosphorylation;
- 6 **Protein and amino acid metabolism:** protein turn over; nitrogen balance; Catabolism of Amino acids (Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation). Urea cycle and its metabolic disorders; production of bile pigments; hyperbilirubinemia, porphoria, jaundice. Metabolic disorder of Amino acids.
- 7 **Nucleic acid metabolism:** Metabolism of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides; Protein synthesis; Genetic code; inhibition of protein synthesis; mutation and repair mechanism; DNA replication (semiconservative /onion peel models) and DNA repair mechanism.
- 8 **Introduction to clinical chemistry: Cell**; composition; malfunction; Roll of the clinical chemistry laboratory.
- 9 **The kidney function tests:** Role of kidney; Laboratory tests for normal function includes
 - a) Urine analysis (macroscopic and physical examination, quantitative and semiquantitative tests.)
 - b) Test for NPN constituents. (Creatinine /urea clearance, determination of blood and urine creatinine, urea and uric acid)
 - c) Urine concentration test
 - d) Urinary tract calculi. (stones)
- 10 **Liver function tests:** Physiological role of liver, metabolic, storage, excretory, protective, circulatory functions and function in blood coagulation.
 - a) Test for hepatic dysfunction-Bile pigments metabolism.
 - b) Test for hepatic function test- Serum bilirubin, urine bilirubin, and urine urobilinogen.
 - c) Dye tests of excretory function.
 - d) Tests based upon abnormalities of serum proteins. Selected enzyme tests.
- 11 **Lipid profile tests:** Lipoproteins, composition, functions. Determination of serum lipids, total cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, LDL cholesterol and triglycerides.
- 12 **Immunochemical techniques** for determination of hormone levels and protein levels in serum for endocrine diseases and infectious diseases.
 - Radio immuno assay (RIA) and Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA)
- 13 **Electrolytes:** Body water, compartments, water balance, and electrolyte distrubution. Determination of sodium, calcium potassium, chlorides, bicarbonates in the body fluids.

1.3 MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL)

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Title of the Experiment:

- Qualitative analysis of normal constituents of urine.*
- Qualitative analysis of abnormal constituents of urine.*
- Quantitative estimation of urine sugar by Benedict's reagent method.**
- Ouantitative estimation of urine chlorides by Volhard's method.**
- Quantitative estimation of urine creatinine by Jaffe's method.**
- Quantitative estimation of urine calcium by precipitation method.**
- Quantitative estimation of serum cholesterol by Libermann Burchard's method.**
- 8 Preparation of Folin Wu filtrate from blood.*
- Quantitative estimation of blood creatinine.**
- 10 Quantitative estimation of blood sugar Folin-Wu tube method.**
- 11 Estimation of SGOT in serum.**
- 12 Estimation of SGPT in serum.**
- 13 Estimation of Urea in Serum.**
- 14 Estimation of Proteins in Serum.**
- 15 Determination of serum bilirubin**
- 16 Determination of Glucose by means of Glucoseoxidase.**
- 17 Enzymatic hydrolysis of Glycogen/Starch by Amylases.**
- 18 Study of factors affecting Enzyme activity. (pH & Temp.)**
- 19 Preparation of standard buffer solutions and its pH measurements (any two)*
- 20 Experiment on lipid profile tests**
- 21 Determination of sodium, calcium and potassium in serum.**
- ** indicate major experiments & * indicate minor experiments

Assignments:

Duration

Format of the assignment

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 3. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 4. Name and signature of the student.
- 5. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
Max Marks	20	70
Duration	03hrs	04hrs

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance

Second year

2.1 PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

- 1. Scope of the Subject: This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic Pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge of its application in other subject of pharmacy.
- 2. Objectives of the Subject: Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to
 - a. describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;
 - b. name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and
 - c. mention the complications of the diseases.

Text books (Theory)

- a. Pathologic basis of disease by- Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
- b. Text book of Pathology- Harsh Mohan
- c. Text book of Pathology- Y.M. Bhinde

Reference books (Theory)

- a. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; Second edition; Roger Walker; Churchill Livingstone publication
- 3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

Chapter

- 1 Basic principles of cell injury and Adaptation
 - a) Causes, Pathogenesis and morphology of cell injury
 - b) Abnormalities in lipoproteinaemia, glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen storage diseases
- 2 Inflammation
 - a) Pathogenesis of acute inflammation, Chemical mediators in inflammation, Types of chronic inflammation
 - b) Repairs of wounds in the skin, factors influencing healing of wounds

3 **Diseases of Immunity**

- a) Introduction to Tand B cells
- b) MHC proteins or transplantation antigens
- c) Immune tolerance
 - Hypersensitivity
 Hypersensitivity type I, II, III, IV, Biological significance, Allergy due to food, chemicals and drugs
 - Autoimmunity
 Criteria for autoimmunity, Classifications of autoimmune diseases in man, mechanism of autoimmunity, Transplantation and in Sunday tolerance, allograft rejections, transplantation antigets, mechanism of rejection of allograft.
 - Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)

- Amylodosis
- 4 **Cancer:** differences between benign and malignant tumors, Histological diagnosis of malignancy, invasions and metastasis, patterns of spread, disturbances of growth of cells, classification of tumors, general biology of tumors, spread of malignant tumors, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer.
- 5 Types of shock, mechanisms, stages and management
- 6 Biological effects of radiation
- 7 Environmental and nutritional diseases
 - i) Air pollution and smoking- SO2,NO, NO2, and CO
 - ii) Protein calorie malnutrition, vitamins, obesity, pathogenesis of starvation.
- 8 Pathophysiology of common diseases
 - a. Parkinsonism
 - b. Schizophrenia
 - c. Depression and mania
 - d. Hypertension,
 - e. Stroke (ischaemic and hemorrhage)
 - f. Angina, CCF, Atherosclerosis, Myocardial infarction
 - g. Diabetes Mellitus
 - h. Peptic ulcer and inflammatory bowel diseases
 - i. Cirrhosis and Alcoholic liver diseases
 - j. Acute and chronic renal failure
 - k. Asthma and chronic obstructive airway diseases
- 9 Infectious diseases:

Sexually transmitted diseases (HIV,Syphilis,Gonorrhea), Urinary tract infections, Pneumonia, Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Leprosy, Malaria Dysentery (bacterial and amoebic), Hepatitis- infective hepatitis.

4. Assignments:

Title of the Experiment

- 1 Chemical Mediators of inflammation
- 2 Drug Hypersensitivity
- 3 Cigarette smoking & its ill effects
- 4 Biological Effects of Radiation
- 5 Etiology and hazards of obesity
- 6 Complications of diabetes
- 7 Diagnosis of cancer
- 8 Disorders of vitamins
- 9 Methods in Pathology-Laboratory values of clinical significance
- 10 Pathophysiology of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF)

Format of the assignment

- 1 Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the a
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

2.5 COMMUNITY PHARMACY (THEORY)

Theory: 2 Hrs./Week

- 1. Scope: In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, Community Pharmacists are expected to offer various pharmaceutical care services. In order to meet this demand, students will be learning various skills such as dispensing of drugs, responding to minor ailments by providing suitable safe medication, patient counselling, health screening services for improved patient care in the community set up.
- 2. Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to
 - a. know pharmaceutical care services;
 - b. know the business and professional practice management skills in community pharmacies;
 - c. do patient counselling & provide health screening services to public in community pharmacy;
 - d. respond to minor ailments and provide appropriate medication;
 - e. show empathy and sympathy to patients; and
 - f. appreciate the concept of Rational drug therapy.

Text Books:

- a. Health Education and Community Pharmacy by N.S.Parmar.
- b. WHO consultative group report.
- c. Drug store & Business management by Mohammed Ali & Jyoti.

Reference books:

- a. Handbook of pharmacy health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.
- b. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review Edt. Leon Shargel. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

Special requirements:

- 1. Either the college is having model community pharmacy (meeting the schedule N requirement) or sign MoU with at least 4-5 community pharmacies nearby to the college for training the students on dispensing and counselling activities.
- 2. Special equipments like B.P apparatus, Glucometer, Peak flow meter, and apparatus for cholesterol estimation.

3. Scheme of evaluation (80 Marks)

1. Synopsis 10

2. Major Experiment 30
(Counselling of patients with specific diseases – emphasis should be given on Counselling introduction, content, process and conclusion)

3. Minor Experiment(Ability to measure B.P/CBG / Lung function) 15

4. Prescription Analysis (Analyzing the prescriptions for probable drug interaction and ability to tell the management)

5. Viva – Voce

4. Lecture wise programme:

Topics

1 Definition, scope, of community pharmacy Roles and responsibilities of Community pharmacist

2 Community Pharmacy Management

- a) Selection of site, Space layout, and design
- b) Staff, Materials- coding, stocking
- c) Legal requirements
- d) Maintenance of various registers
- e) Use of Computers: Business and health care soft wares
- **3 Prescriptions** parts of prescription, legality & identification of medication related problems like drug interactions.

4 Inventory control in community pharmacy

Definition, various methods of Inventory Control

ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock

5 Pharmaceutical care

Definition and Principles of Pharmaceutical care.

6 Patient counselling

Definition, outcomes, various stages, barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Patient information leaflets- content, design, & layouts, advisory labels

7 Patient medication adherence

Definition, Factors affecting medication adherence, role of pharmacist in improving the adherence.

8 Health screening services

Definition, importance, methods for screening Blood pressure/blood sugar/lung function and Cholesterol testing

9 OTC Medication- Definition, OTC medication list & Counselling

10 Health Education

WHO Definition of health, and health promotion, care for children, pregnant & breast feeding women, and geriatric patients.

Commonly occurring Communicable Diseases, causative agents,

Clinical presentations and prevention of communicable diseases – Tuberculosis, Hepatitis, Typhoid, Amoebiasis, Malaria, Leprosy,

Syphilis, Gonorrhea and AIDS

Balance diet, and treatment & prevention of deficiency disorders

Family planning – role of pharmacist

11 Responding to symptoms of minor ailments

Relevant pathophysiology, common drug therapy to,

Pain, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhea, constipation), Pyrexia, Opthalmic symptoms, worms infestations.

12 Essential Drugs concept and Rational Drug Therapy Role of community pharmacist

13 Code of ethics for community pharmacists

2.6 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

- 1. Scope of the Subject: This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines. Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- **2. Objectives:** At completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to understand
 - a. the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy;
 - b. the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases;
 - c. the controversies in drug therapy;
 - d. the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
 - e. needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects);
 - f. describe the pathophysiology of selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy;
 - g. summarise the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence;
 - h. discuss the controversies in drug therapy;
 - i. discuss the preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and
 - j. identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).

Text Books

- a. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication.
- b. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange.

Reference Books

- a. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication.
- b. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication.
- c. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- d. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- e. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- f. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.



3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule :

Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems/diseases

Title of the topic

- 1 Cardiovascular system: Hypertension, Congestive cardiac failure, Angina Pectoris, Myocardial infarction, , Hyperlipidaemias, Electrophysiology of heart and Arrhythmias
- Respiratory system: Introduction to Pulmonary function test, Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways disease, Drug induced pulmonary diseases
 Endocrine system: Diabetes, Thyroid diseases, Oral contraceptives, Hormone replacement therapy, Osteoporosis

3 General prescribing guidelines for

- a. Paediatric patients
- b. Geriatric patients
- c. Pregnancy and breast feeding
- 4 Ophthalmology: Glaucoma, Conjunctivitis- viral & bacterial
- 5 Introduction to rational drug use

Definition, Role of pharmacist Essential drug concept Rational drug formulations

2.6 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I (PRACTICAL)

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Practicals:

Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion; attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge. Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation. A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.

Assignments:

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500-2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.



Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
Max Marks	20	70
Duration	03hrs	04hrs

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



3.3 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – II (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

1. Scope of the Subject: This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines. Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.

2. Objectives of the Subject Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to –

- a. know the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy
- b. know the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases;
- c. know the controversies in drug therapy;
- d. know the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and
- e. appreciate the needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).

Text books (Theory)

Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication

Reference books (Theory)

- a. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange
- b. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- c. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA]

3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

 $Etiopathogenesis \ and \ pharmacotherapy \ of \ diseases \ associated \ with \ following \ systems \ / \ diseases \ -$

Title of the topic

1. Infectious disease: Guidelines for the rational use of antibiotics and surgical Prophylaxis, Tuberculosis, Meningitis, Respiratory tract infections, Gastroenteritis, Endocarditis, Septicemia, Urinary tract infections, Protozoal infection- Malaria, HIV & Opportunistic infections, Fungal infections, Viral infections, Gonarrhoea and Syphillis

2 Musculoskeletal disorders

Rheumatoid arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Gout, Spondylitis, Systemic lupus erythematosus.

3 Renal system

Acute Renal Failure, Chronic Renal Failure, Renal Dialysis, Drydisorders

- **4 Oncology:** Basic principles of Cancer therapy, General introduction to cancer chemotherapeutic agents, Chemotherapy of breast cancer, leukemia. Management of chemotherapy nausea and emesis
- 5 **Dermatology:** Psoriasis, Scabies, Eczema, Impetigo

3.3 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – II (PRACTICAL)

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Practicals:

Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion; attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge. Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation.

The student shall be trained to understand the principle and practice involved in selection of drug therapy including clinical discussion.

A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.

Assignments:

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 – 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy.
- 5. Name and signature of the student.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
Max Marks	20	70
Duration	03hrs	04hrs

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).

promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).

3.4 PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE (THEORY)

Theory: 2 Hrs./Week

- 1. Scope of the Subject: (4-6 lines): This course exposes the student to several important legislations related to the profession of pharmacy in India. The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, along with its amendments are the core of this course. Other acts, which are covered, include the Pharmacy Act, dangerous drugs, medicinal and toilet preparation Act etc. Besides this the new drug policy, professional ethics, DPCO, patent and design Act will be discussed.
- **2. Objectives of the Subject:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to (Know, do, and appreciate)
 - a. practice the Professional ethics;
 - b. understand the various concepts of the pharmaceutical legislation in India;
 - c. know the various parameters in the Drug and Cosmetic Act and rules;
 - d. know the Drug policy, DPCO, Patent and design act;
 - e. understand the labeling requirements and packaging guidelines for drugs and cosmetics;
 - f. be able to understand the concepts of Dangerous Drugs Act, Pharmacy Act and Excise duties Act; and
 - g. other laws as prescribed by the Pharmacy Council of India from time to time including International Laws.

Text books (Theory)

Mithal, B.M. Textbook of Forensic Pharmacy. Calcutta: National; 1988.

Reference books (Theory)

- a. Singh, KK, editor. Beotra's the Laws of Drugs, Medicines & cosmetics. Allahabad: Law Book House; 1984.
- b. Jain, NK. A Textbook of forensic pharmacy. Delhi: Vallabh prakashan; 1995.
- c. Reports of the Pharmaceutical enquiry Committee
- d. I.D.M.A., Mumbai. DPCO 1995
- e. Various reports of Amendments.
- f. Deshapande, S.W. The drugs and magic remedies act 1954 and rules 1955. Mumbai: Susmit Publications; 1998.
- g. Eastern Book Company .The narcotic and psychotropic substances act 1985, Lucknow: Eastern; 1987.

3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

Title of the topic

- 1. **Pharmaceutical Legislations** A brief review.
- 2. Principle and Significance of professional ethics. Critical study of the code of pharmaceutical ethics drafted by PCI.
- 3. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, and its rules 1945.

Objectives, Legal definition, Study of Schedule's with reference to Schedule B, C&C1, D, E1, F&F1, F2, F3, FF, G, H, J, K, M, N, P, R, V, W,

Sales, Import, labeling and packaging of Drugs

Provisions Relating to Indigenous Systems.

Constitution and Functions of DTAB, DCC, CDL.

Qualification and duties –Govt. analyst and Drugs Inspector.

4. **Pharmacy Act –1948**.

Objectives Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of State & Central Council, Registration & Procedure, ER.

- 5. Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act –1955.
 - Objectives, Legal Definitions, Licensing, Bonded and Non Bonded Laboratory, Ware Housing, Manufacture of Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Patent & Proprietory Preparations.
- 6. Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules. Objectives, Legal Definitions, General Study, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and regulations, Schedules to the Act.
- 7. Study of Salient Features of Drugs and magic remedies Act and its rules.
- 8. Study of essential Commodities Act Relevant to drugs price control Order.
- 9. Drug Price control Order & National Drug Policy (Current).
- 10. Prevention Of Cruelty to animals Act-1960.
- 11. Patents & design Act-1970.
- 12. Brief study of prescription and Non-prescription Products.

4. Assignments:

Format of the assignment

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages
- 2. It shall be a computer draft copy
- 3. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 4. Name and signature of the student
- 5. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min

Case studies relating to

- 1. Drugs and Cosmetics Act and rules along with its amendments, Dangerous Drugs Act, Medicinal and Toilet preparation Act, New Drug Policy, Professional Ethics, Drugs (Price control) Order, Patent and Design Act.
- 2. Various prescription and non-prescription products.
- 3. Medical and surgical accessories.
- 4. Diagnostic aids and appliances available in the market.



Fourth Year

4.1 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – III (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

- 1. Scope: This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines. Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
- **2. Objectives:** At completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to understand
 - a. the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy;
 - b. the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases;
 - c. the controversies in drug therapy;
 - d. the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
 - e. needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects);
 - f. describe the pathophysiology of selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy;
 - g. to summarize the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence;
 - h. to discuss the controversies in drug therapy;
 - i. to discuss the preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and
 - j. identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).

Text Books

- a. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication
- b. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange

Reference Books

- a. Pathologic basis of disease Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication
- b. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication
- c. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- d. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- e. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited
- f. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical

4.1 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – III (PRACTICAL)

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

Practicals:

Hospital postings for a period of at least 50 hours is required to understand the principles and practice involved in ward round participation and clinical discussion on selection of drug therapy. Students are required to maintain a record of 15 cases observed in the ward and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation. Each student should present at least two medical cases they have observed and followed in the wards.

Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems/diseases:

Title of the topic

- 1 **Gastrointestinal system:** Peptic ulcer disease, Gastro Esophageal Reflux Disease, Inflammatory bowel disease, Liver disorders Alcoholic liver disease, Viral hepatitis including jaundice, and Drug induced liver disorders.
- 2 **Haematological system:** Anaemias, Venous thromboembolism, Drug induced blood disorders.
- 3 **Nervous system:** Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, Stroke, Alzheimer's disease,
- 4 **Psychiatry disorders:** Schizophrenia, Affective disorders, Anxiety disorders, Sleep disorders, Obsessive Compulsive disorders
- 5 Pain management including Pain pathways, neuralgias, headaches.
- 6 Evidence Based Medicine

Assignments:

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 - 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.

Format of the assignment:

- 1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages
- 2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
- 3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year
- 4. It shall be computer draft copy
- 5. Name and signature of the student
- 6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual	
Synopsis	05	15	
Major Experiment	10	25	
Minor Experiment	03	15	
Viva	02	15	_
Max Marks	20	70	/
Duration	03hrs	04hrs //	5

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 1 promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).

4.2 HOSPITAL PHARMACY (THEORY)

Theory: 2 Hrs./Week

- 1. Scope: In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, for successful practice of Hospital Pharmacy, the students are required to learn various skills like drug distribution, drug dispensing, manufacturing of parenteral preparations, drug information, patient counselling, and therapeutic drug monitoring for improved patient care.
- 2. **Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to
 - a. know various drug distribution methods;
 - b. know the professional practice management skills in hospital pharmacies;
 - c. provide unbiased drug information to the doctors;
 - d. know the manufacturing practices of various formulations in hospital set up;
 - e. appreciate the practice based research methods; and
 - f. appreciate the stores management and inventory control.

Text books: (latest editions)

- a. Hospital pharmacy by William .E. Hassan
- b. A text book of Hospital Pharmacyby S.H.Merchant & Dr. J.S. Qadry. Revised by R.K.Goyal & R.K. Parikh

References:

- a. WHO consultative group report.
- b. R.P.S. Vol.2. Part –B; Pharmacy Practice section.
- c. Handbook of pharmacy health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.

3. Lecture wise programme:

Topics

- 1 Hospital its Organisation and functions
- 2 Hospital pharmacy-Organisation and management
 - a) Organizational structure-Staff, Infrastructure & work load statistics
 - b) Management of materials and finance
 - c) Roles & responsibilities of hospital pharmacist
- 3 The Budget Preparation and implementation
- 4 Hospital drug policy
 - a) Pharmacy and Therapeutic committee (PTC)
 - b) Hospital formulary
 - c) Hospital committees
 - Infection committee
 - Research and ethical committee
 - d) developing therapeutic guidelines
 - e) Hospital pharmacy communication Newsletter



5 Hospital pharmacy services

- a) Procurement & warehousing of drugs and Pharmaceuticals
- b) Inventory control

Definition, various methods of Inventory Control ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock

- c) Drug distribution in the hospital
 - i) Individual prescription method
 - ii) Floor stock method
 - iii) Unit dose drug distribution method
- d) Distribution of Narcotic and other controlled substances
- e) Central sterile supply services Role of pharmacist

6 Manufacture of Pharmaceutical preparations

- a) Sterile formulations large and small volume parenterals
- b) Manufacture of Ointments, Liquids, and creams
- c) Manufacturing of Tablets, granules, capsules, and powders
- d) Total parenteral nutrition

7 Continuing professional development programs

Education and training

- 8 Radio Pharmaceuticals Handling and packaging
- 9 Professional Relations and practices of hospital pharmacist

4.2 HOSPITAL PHARMACY (PRACTICAL)

Practical: 3 Hrs./Week

- 1. Assessment of drug interactions in the given prescriptions
- 2. Manufacture of parenteral formulations, powders.
- 3. Drug information queries.
- 4. Inventory control

List of Assignments:

- 1. Design and Management of Hospital pharmacy department for a 300 bedded hospital.
- 2. Pharmacy and Therapeutics committee Organization, functions, and limitations.
- 3. Development of a hospital formulary for 300 bedded teaching hospital
- 4. Preparation of ABC analysis of drugs sold in one month from the pharmacy.
- 5. Different phases of clinical trials with elements to be evaluated.
- 6. Various sources of drug information and systematic approach to provide unbiased drug information.
- 7. Evaluation of prescriptions generated in hospital for drug interaction suitable management.

Special requirements:

- 1. Each college should sign MoU with nearby local hospital having minimum 150 beds for providing necessary training to the students' on hospital pharmacy activities.
- 2. Well equipped with various resources of drug information.

Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
Max Marks	20	70
Duration	03hrs	04hrs

Note: Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



Fifth year

5.1 CLINICAL RESEARCH (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

1. Drug development process:

Introduction

Various Approaches to drug discovery

- 1. Pharmacological
- 2. Toxicological
- 3. IND Application
- 4. Drug characterization
- 5. Dosage form

2. Clinical development of drug:

- 1. Introduction to Clinical trials
- 2. Various phases of clinical trial.
- 3. Methods of post marketing surveillance
- 4. Abbreviated New Drug Application submission.
- 5. Good Clinical Practice ICH, GCP, Central drug standard control organisation (CDSCO) guidelines
- 6. Challenges in the implementation of guidelines
- 7. Ethical guidelines in Clinical Research
- 8. Composition, responsibilities, procedures of IRB / IEC
- 9. Overview of regulatory environment in USA, Europe and India.
- 10. Role and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel as per ICH GCP
 - a. Sponsor
 - b. Investigators
 - c. Clinical research associate
 - d. Auditors
 - e. Contract research coordinators
 - f. Regulatory authority
- 11. Designing of clinical study documents (protocol, CRF, ICF, PIC with assignment)
- 12. Informed consent Process
- 13. Data management and its components
- 14. Safety monitoring in clinical trials.



References:

- a. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization. Good Clinical Practices-Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health; 2001.
- b. International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonised Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice. E6; May 1996.
- c. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
- d. Textbook of Clinical Trials edited by David Machin, Simon Day and Sylvan Green, March 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
- e. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes.
- f. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications.
- g. Goodman & Gilman: JG Hardman, LE Limbard, 10th Edn. McGraw Hill Publications, 2001.



5.2 PHARMACOEPIDEMIOLOGY AND PHARMACOECONOMICS (THEORY)

Theory: 3 Hrs./Week

1. Pharmacoepidemiology:

Definition and scope:

Origin and evaluation of pharmacoepidemiology need for pharmacoepidemiology, aims and applications.

Measurement of outcomes in pharmacoepidemiology

Outcome measure and drug use measures

Prevalence, incidence and incidence rate. Monetary units, number of prescriptions, units of drugs dispensed, defined daily doses and prescribed daily doses, medication adherence measurement

Concept of risk in pharmacoepidemiology

Measurement of risk, attributable risk and relative risk, time-risk relationship and odds ratio

Pharmacoepidemiological methods

Includes theoretical aspects of various methods and practical study of various methods with the help of case studies for individual methods

Drug utilization review, case reports, case series, surveys of drug use, cross – sectional studies, cohort studies, case control studies, case –cohort studies, meta – analysis studies, spontaneous reporting, prescription event monitoring and record linkage system.

Sources of data for pharmacoepide miological studies

Ad Hoc data sources and automated data systems.

Selected special applications of pharmacoepidemiology

Studies of vaccine safety, hospital pharmacoepidemiology, pharmacoepidemiology and risk management, drug induced birth defects.

2. Phrmacoeconomics:

Definition, history, needs of pharmacoeconomic evaluations

Role in formulary management decisions

Pharmacoeconomic evaluation

Outcome assessment and types of evaluation

Includes theoretical aspects of various methods and practical study of various methods with the help of case studies for individual methods:

Cost – minimization, cost- benefit, cost – effectiveness, cost utime

3. Applications of Pharmacoeconomics

Software and case studies

5.3 CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING (THEORY)

Theory: 2 Hrs./Week

1. Introduction to Clinical pharmacokinetics.

2. Design of dosage regimens:

Nomograms and Tabulations in designing dosage regimen, Conversion from intravenous to oral dosing, Determination of dose and dosing intervals, Drug dosing in the elderly and pediatrics and obese patients.

3. Pharmacokinetics of Drug Interaction:

- a. Pharmacokinetic drug interactions
- b. Inhibition and Induction of Drug metabolism
- c. Inhibition of Biliary Excretion.

4. Therapeutic Drug monitoring:

- a. Introduction
- b. Individualization of drug dosage regimen (Variability Genetic, Age and Weight, disease, Interacting drugs).
- c. Indications for TDM. Protocol for TDM.
- d. Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Correlation in drug therapy.
- e. TDM of drugs used in the following disease conditions: cardiovascular disease, Seizure disorders, Psychiatric conditions, and Organ transplantations.

5. Dosage adjustment in Renal and hepatic Disease.

- a. Renal impairment
- b. Pharmacokinetic considerations
- c. General approach for dosage adjustment in Renal disease.
- d. Measurement of Glomerular Filtration rate and creatinine clearance.
- e. Dosage adjustment for uremic patients.
- f. Extracorporeal removal of drugs.
- g. Effect of Hepatic disease on pharmacokinetics.

6. Population Pharmacokinetics.

- a. Introduction to Bayesian Theory.
- b. Adaptive method or Dosing with feed back.
- c. Analysis of Population pharmacokinetic Data.

7. Pharmacogenetics

- a. Genetic polymorphism in Drug metabolism: Cytochrome P-450 Isoenzymes.
- b. Genetic Polymorphism in Drug Transport and Drug Targets.
- c. Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacokinetics/Pharmacodynamic